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S. Yusupov, O. Kazakov, B. Xolmirzayev, A. Mirzaev, A. Tursunov, O. R. Qodirov (mas'ul muharrir)



PHYSICAL-MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF COMPOSITE MATERIALS BASED ON VERMICULITE, BAZALT, WOLLOSTANITE, AND POLYETHYLENE P-Y 342 AND POLYAMIDE PA-6

R.H.DUSANOV
Termiz State University
KH.KH.TURAEV
Termiz State University
P.J.TOJIEV
Termiz State University
D.A.NABIEV
Termiz State University
KH.N.ESHANKULOV

Termiz State University

Abstract: The article describes how to fill polypropylene with oligomers containing nitrogen, phosphorus, and metal to produce heat-resistant and mechanically strong thermoplastic composite materials. Polypropylene compositions, solution flow index determination, viscometric methods, bending strength determination using two-support methods, and bending, Charpy impact strength measurement methods are all discussed. The amount of filler used in the production of composite materials based on basalt mineral from polyvinyl chloride ranged from 1 mass part to 5 mass parts. The physicomechanical characteristics of the developed composite materials revealed that increasing the amount of filler decreases the material's fluidity. The optimal amount of basalt-containing fillers in the composite material, according to the results, is 5 parts by mass.

Keywords: polyvinyl chloride, basalt mineral, atomic force microscopy, physical-chemical and mechanical properties.

Introduction. Obtaining nanofillers and composite materials based on them, as well as applying them in numerous domains of industry and technology, is currently of great interest to researchers [1]. Nanoadditives are applied to polymers in huge quantities, just like regular fillers [2]. Because polyethylene P-Y 342 has a high degree of crystallinity, it has higher elongation than other forms of resistant to polyethylene. It is also moisture, corrosion, and abrasion, as well as most chemicals [3]. P-Y 342 comprises dispersion vermiculite and basalt, as well as basalt fibres in high quantities, ranging from 20 to 40 mas. The effect of adding up

to% on polyethylene characteristics was investigated [4]. The properties of these fillers are shown in P-Y 342 30 mas.% was compared with the properties of boron inserted in the quantity, as provided in the analysis, this literature amount commonly used for kinds of polyethylene suitable for pipe manufacture Furthermore, it was discovered that the P-Y 342/PEMA/TEAS/VK composition had effective qualities when compared to other types of vermiculite-based compositions [6]. The results demonstrate that the tear resistance and impact resistance of composites based on P-Y 342 are low at



high modifier concentrations. The ideal modifier concentration is 1.0 mas. is% [7].

The results are correct. However, the tensile strength varies from 21 MPa in the original polyethylene to 38 MPa to 48 MPa for P-Y 342/TEAS/VT and P-Y 342/PEMA/TEAS/VT additive composites.

Table 1 displays the established comparative properties of modified polymer composite materials based on PA-

6 and fillers. As shown in the table, the basic composition in PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/B with its impact resistance and tear strength qualities outperforms PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/VK added exhibits.

Table 1 shows that the modifier is 1.0 mas in the area of TEAS. %, the impact resistance of the compositions reaches the highest level (from 100 to 118 kJ/m²).

Table 1

Physical and mechanical properties of composite materials based on mineral fillers: vermiculite (VK), basalt (BT), wollastonite (VT), and polyamide PA-6 were compared

Compositions	Impact resistance, kDj/m²	σ bending strength, MPa	σ tensile strength, MPa	Relative elongation, %	Relative narrowness, %
	GOST 4647-80	GOST 4648-80	GOST 1423681	GOST 1423681	GOST 1859921
PA-6	100	90	66	150	2
PA-6/VK	109	94	66	65	1,7
PA-6/TEAS/VK	112	98	68	55	1,8
ΠΑ-6/PEMA/TEAS/VK	116	100	73	55	1,5
PA-6/BT	110	95	67	66	1,7
PA-6/TEAS/BT	115	98	69	58	1,8
PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/BT	118	102	75	57	1,8
PA-6/VT	108	94	66	70	1,8
PA-6/TEAS/VT	110	96	68	64	1,7
PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/VT	112	100	73	62	1,6
PA-6/Bur	106	92	66	60	2,4

The modifier TEAS is included in the compositions at a concentration of 1.0% by mass in respect to the mass of the filler.

Fillers were added to 1.0 mas of modifier TEAS to PA-6. When it is applied in % amount, its impact resistance is boosted when compared to compositions without modifier.

When maleated polyethylene and TEAS are combined to a PA-6-based composition, the impact resistance increases dramatically. 1.0 mas.% TEAS

and 30 mas.% vermiculite and basalt compositions significantly increase impact resistance.

As a result, the impact resistance has a maximum value and ranges from 100 for the original PA-6 to 112 and 116 kJ/m2 for PA-6/TEAS/VK the and PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/VK compositions, well respectively. as PAas 6/PEMA/TEAS/VK compositions. It rises to 115 and 118 kJ/m2 for TEAS/BT and PA-



6/PEMA/TEAS/BT composites, respectively.

The addition of fillers containing the modifier TEAS to PA-6 raises the impact resistance of composite materials from 100 to 115 kJ/m2, while the addition of the compatibilizer PEMA raises the impact resistance from -100 to 118 kJ/m2.

Modifiers are crucial in modifying the properties of composites based on them. This is possible due to their interfacial contact with the polymer basis.

The addition of modifiers to the composition of composites has the effect of enhancing tear resistance.

The results reveal that the modifiers have an effect on improving the physical and mechanical properties of the nanoparticle-filled composite materials.

Because of their enormous relative surface area, nanoparticles adhere well to the polymer base, and some agglomerations are seen. Tear resistance is greatest in the PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/BT combination.

According to the results, a relatively high value of tear resistance (75 MPa) is

observed in the composition based on PA-6, the amount of modifier TEAS is 1.0 mas.%, and it is observed when the filling level of basalt reaches 30 wt.%.

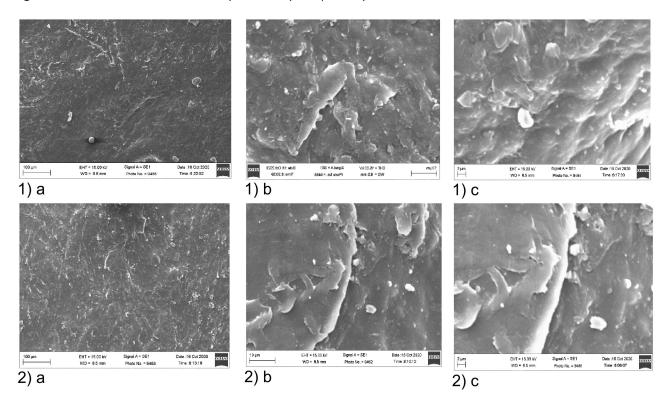
Flexural strength increases as a function of modifier concentration in composites filled with fillers, although less than impact and tensile strength.

As a result, the concentration of the modifier is 1.0 mas.% amount is adequate for the optimal characteristics of the physical-mechanical properties of the composition based on PA-6.

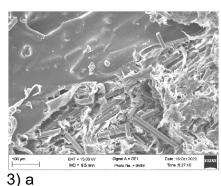
The addition of modifiers to the formulation of composite materials increased the mechanical properties of PA-6 and, as a result, improved nanoparticle dispersion.

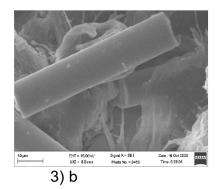
It is worth noting that the bending strength is 30 mas. % is significantly higher in composite materials with modified fillers than in composite materials with unmodified fillers. As a result, 1.0 mas. Flexural strength is greatest in maleinated PA-6 composite materials with% TEAS.

Figure 1 depicts SEM pictures of composite materials.









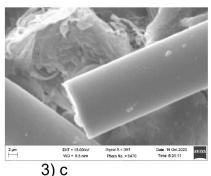


Figure 1: SEM pictures of mineral-based composite materials: vermiculite (VK), basalt (BT), wollostanite (VT), and polyamide. PA-6 at various scales (a-100m, b-10m, v-2m) 1) PA-6, PEMA, TEAS, and VK 2)PA-6/PEMA/TEAS/BT 3) PA-6, PEMA, TEAS, and BV

Figure 1 shows that the fillers are equally dispersed in the polymer matrix with the same size in all of the composites. The photographs were obtained at a size of 2 m to 100 m, showing that the composites are nanoscale.

Conclusion. As a consequence of the research on the rheological properties of composite materials based on polymers and fillers, 30% mass was added to the composition. The amount of filler injected

drastically reduced the value of SOC when compared to the initial polymers. The composition comprises 1.0 mas. The addition of modifier TEAS in the amount of% caused a decrease in fluidity and an increase in viscosity in the studied temperature range, and the study of the rheological properties of composite materials based on PA-6 and P-Y 342 can be the basis for establishing optimal processing conditions.

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BENTONITE AND PHOSPHORITE PRODUCTION OF ORGANOMINERAL FERTILIZERS BASED ON RAW MATERIALS AND NITROGEN-FIXING MICROORGANISMS ((CD:B:NFM=100:5:(0-4)), (CD:B:PF:NFM=100:5:5:(0-4)))

VOQQOSOV ZUXRIDDIN

Senior teacher of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology E-mail.: voqqosov_zukhriddin@rambler.ru, phone.: (+99899) 973 94-30

IKROMOVA MAFTUNA

Doctoral student of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology E-mail.: ikromovamaftuna@gmail.com, phone.: (+99893) 272 19-00

Abstract:

Objective. This article deals with production of organomineral fertilizers based on local raw materials cattle dung (cattle). local ores (Kyzilkum phosphorite flour (PF) and Navbahor bentonite) and nitrogen-fixing microorganisms. Based on the experiments, the following results were obtained. During 60 days, the raw materials selected for the experiment were used in optimal proportions: cattle dung: bentonite: nitrogen-fixing microorganisms solution (NFM) (100:5:0-4) and the main chemistry of organomineral fertilizers obtained on the basis of cattle dung, bentonite, phosphorite flour and nitrogen-fixing microorganisms. Composition (CD:B:PF:NFM=100:5:5:(0-4)) was analyzed.

Methods. The obtained results from our side were first studied the quantities of organomineral fertilizers based on cattle dung. bentonite and nitrogen-fixing microorganisms. Cattle dung. bentonite and nitrogen-fixing microorganisms of the type Azotobacterium were used for laboratory research. For this. cattle dung: bentonite ratios were taken in the range of 100:(2.5-5) and the resulting mixture was processed with nitrogen-fixing microorganisms (NFM) grown in Fedorov medium in the ratio of 100:(2.5-5):(0.5-4.0).

Results Physico-chemical and commercial properties of the obtained new type of organomineral fertilizers. It is known that physico-chemical (dispersibility. natural slope angle. etc.) and commodity properties (hygroscopic point. grain strength. etc.) are important properties of solid and powder fertilizers



CONTENTS

PRIMARY PROCESSING OF COTTON, TEXTILE AND LIGHT INDUSTRY	
N.Usmanova, M.Abdukarimova, Sh.Mahsudov	
Information modules for automation of the process of forming the structure of industrial collection of women's clothing	3
O.Turdiyeva, A.Khojiyev	
Research analysis of transformation new assortment development	10
M.Rasulova, Sh.Mamasoliyeva, G.Norboyeva	
Evaluation of heat conductivity of special clothing	15
D.Rayimberdiyeva, N.Nabidjanova, N.Ismailov	
Mathematical model of the influence of a gymnast's strength on clothing fabric	22
G.Gulyaeva	
Modeling of strength reliability and transformation of a knitted loop at the limit state of the structure	26
H.Diyorov	
Experimental determination of the cleaning efficiency of the fiber in the pipe	31
S.Khashimov, R.Muradov	
Problems in cleaning cotton-seed and their solution	35
GROWING, STORAGE, PROCESSING AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AN	ID
FOOD TECHNOLOGIES	
N.Kurbanov, S.Bozorov	
Development prospects of the oil production industry in the republic of Uzbekistan and foreign countries	41
Sh.Rasulov, Kh.Djuraev, A.Usmanov, M.Khalikov	
Kinetics of drying process of tomato fruit	45
M.Sobirova, J.Farmonov	
Oil extraction studies from flax seeds	52
M.Meliboyev, G.Makhmudova, N.Muydinova	
Importance of potato powder extraction technology in production and industry	56
CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGIES	
E.Panoev, Kh.Dustov, J.Jamolov	
Research of corrosion and foaming processes in gas absorption purification and technology of their protection in inhibitors	61
U.Odamov, M.Komilov	
Assessment of the degradation process of solar photovoltaic plants in the climatic conditions of Uzbekistan	69
R.Dusanov, Kh.Turaev, P.Tojiev, D.Nabiev, KH.Eshankulov	
Physical-mechanical properties of composite materials based on vermiculite, bazalt, wollostanite, and polyethylene P-Y 342 and polyamide PA-6	77
Z.Voqqosov, M.Ikromova	
Bentonite and phosphorite production of organomineral fertilizers based on raw materials and nitrogen-fixing microorganisms ((CD:B:NFM=100:5:(0-4)), (CD:B:PF:NFM=100:5:5:(0-4)))	81
Di wandomaov, minuaco, minusco	



Studying the structure and properties of polypropylene filled with nitrogen,	90	
phosphorus, metal-containing oligomers		
M.Khoshimkhodjaev, M.Khuramova		
Optimization of the method for instrumental neutron activation analysis (inaa)	100	
of natural objects		
F.Rakhmatkariyeva, M.Koxxarov, Kh.Bakhronov	40E	
Isotherm of ammonia adsorption in zeolite CaA (M-22)	105	
R.Kurbaniyazov, A.Reymov, B.Pirnazarov, Sh.Namazov, O.Badalova, B.Beglov		
Rheological properties of ammophosphate pulps obtained using phosphorite		
powder of the khodjakul deposit	111	
F.Eshkurbonov, A.Rakhimov, J.Rakhmonkulov, E.Safarova,		
A.Ashurova, N.Izzatillayev, M.Bobokulova		
Investigation of the chemical-mineralogical composition of bentonite of the		
khaudag deposit and synthesis of wine fining agents based on its	117	
J.Shukurov		
Modeling the production of dimethyl ether from natural gas	126	
D.Makhkamova, Z.Turaev, M.Dedaboyeva		
Study of interaction of components in ZnSO ₄ – NH ₄ H ₂ PO ₄ – H ₂ O system	137	
D.Akhunov		
Study of the problems of atmospheric waste water collection and green field		
irrigation	142	
D.Jumaeva, R.Akhrorova, S.Barnoeva, O.Kodirov, U.Raximov		
Study of adsorption isotherms of polar and non-polar molecules on silica		
adsorbents	146	
ausorbents		
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING		
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov	154	
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING	154	
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load E.Aliyev, A.Mamaxonov		
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	154 161	
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load E.Aliyev, A.Mamaxonov Development of efficient chain transmission construction based on analysis		
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161	
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load		
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161	
MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load. E.Aliyev, A.Mamaxonov Development of efficient chain transmission construction based on analysis of constructive characteristics of chain drives of technological machines S.Utaev, A.Turaev Results of a study of the influence of oil contamination on wear of the working surface of diesel cylinder lines. L.Tilloev, Kh.Dustov Separation of the polymer mass from the waste of the alkaline cleaning process of pyrogas by the extraction method	161	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load E.Aliyev, A.Mamaxonov Development of efficient chain transmission construction based on analysis of constructive characteristics of chain drives of technological machines S.Utaev, A.Turaev Results of a study of the influence of oil contamination on wear of the working surface of diesel cylinder lines L.Tilloev, Kh.Dustov Separation of the polymer mass from the waste of the alkaline cleaning process of pyrogas by the extraction method A.Mirzaalimov	161 171	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load. E.Aliyev, A.Mamaxonov Development of efficient chain transmission construction based on analysis of constructive characteristics of chain drives of technological machines S.Utaev, A.Turaev Results of a study of the influence of oil contamination on wear of the working surface of diesel cylinder lines. L.Tilloev, Kh.Dustov Separation of the polymer mass from the waste of the alkaline cleaning process of pyrogas by the extraction method. A.Mirzaalimov Effect of temperature on photoelectric parameters of three-way illuminated solar cells.	161 171	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177 183	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177 183	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177 183	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177 183	
E.Abdullaev, V.Zakirov Using parallel service techniques to control system load	161 171 177 183	



Microcontroller-based mechatronic system with heating and humidity sensor for silkworm eggs incubation	205
M.Rasulmuhamedov, K.Tashmetov, T.Tashmetov	
Ethods of determining transport flows	210
J.Izzatillaev, U.Khudoyberdiev, X.Mamadiev	
Prospects for the application of vertical axis wind turbines in the Jizzakh	040
region	218
Y.Asatillaev, N.Israilov	
Problems and possibilities of laser synthesis of metal powders in additive	000
technologies	230
U.Meliboev, D.Atambaev	
Determination of acceptable values of the main factors affecting the production of	007
twisted thread	237
N.Adilov	
Assessment of the technical condition of the weight checking wagon type 640-VPV-	242
271	242
ADVANCED PEDAGOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES IN EDUCATION	
M.lkromova	
Programming as one of the main approaches in the development of children's	247
komputational thinking	247
A.Yuldashev	
Developing activities, the academy of public administration under president of the	050
republic of Uzbekistan	253
B.Kholhodjaev, B.Kuralov, K.Daminov	
Block diagram and mathematical model of an invariant system	259
B.Mamadaliyeva	
Improving students speaking skills in practical lessons	267
G.Rasulova	
A lexical-semantic study of terms related to agricultural technology in Uzbek and	
English languages	273
ECONOMICAL SCIENCES	
M.Bustonov	
Digital economy and employment	279
M.Bustonov	215
Econometric analysis of the activities of multi-sectoral farms	285
M.Rahimova	203
Prospects for the development of small and medium business in Namangan	292
region	
Organizational structure of the internal control service for the fulfillment of tax obligations of enterprises	297
H.Djamalov, A.Abdullayev	
Issues of organizing internal control of fulfillment of tax obligations of	
enterprises	307
Sh.Maripova	
10 Comment 1 * 10 m = 1	
	316
Specific features of management in small business enterprises	316
N.Abdieva, R.Abdullayeva, U.Rajabov	
	316 324